THE FUTURE OF LAW: AI'S IMPACT ON LEGAL ETHICS AND PRACTICE

Dr. Manoj Kumar Sharma

Assistant Professor, Government Law College, Bharatpur, Rajasthan

Abstract

Currently, Artificial Intelligence appears as a transformative force across nearly all industries, including the legal profession. This article delves at the ways in which AI is changing the legal industry, legal profession, law firms, and the way legal ethics have developed over the years. This article examines case studies and existing literature to deliver a thorough examination of the topic. It also examines the potential advantages and obstacles that Artificial Intelligence presents in the legal domain. This article emphasizes the influence of Artificial Intelligence on legal research, contract analysis, document automation, legal ethics, and legal practices. It goes on to examine the governing and moral issues that come with using AI in the legal field. This essay concludes by outlining a method for legal professionals to effectively and efficiently traverse the developing terrain shaped by Artificial Intelligence, presenting advice and discussing future developments.

Keyword: Artificial Intelligence, Ethics, Law, Practice

1.INTRODUCTION

The implementation of Artificial Intelligence is inducing swift transformations across multiple domains, including the legal sector. The capacity to analyse extensive data sets with Artificial Intelligence for predictive modelling and rapid pattern recognition has transformed the legal field. Nonetheless, the legal sector is conventionally characterized by its dependence on intricate decision-making procedures and comprehensive investigation and document examination.[1] The emergence of Artificial Intelligence has initiated significant disruption across multiple sectors of the legal industry. New technologies like prediction analysis, the use of machine learning and processing of natural languages may change and improve the jobs of lawyers by making the legal process faster and easier. The integration of AI in legal procedures can substantially enhance productivity and decrease expenses for organizations. Concerns about the potential biases in AI systems, the ethical implications of automated decisions, and the impact of AI on legal employment are emerging, on the other hand.[2] In judicial decision-making and contract drafting, tools such as Chat GPT can be advantageous. This article examines the domains where Artificial Intelligence has established a significant presence in the legal sector.

The law permeates nearly all facets of global commerce, indicating that no sector of the commercial world remains unaffected by legal regulations. Partnerships, acquisitions, sales, mergers, and reorganizations conducted by firms are executed through legally binding contracts. Innovation will stay stagnate until a comprehensive corpus of intellectual property legislation is established. The reality is that, regardless of our acceptance, we all operate against the possibilities rather than the probabilities of our legal system and litigation.[3] Artificial Intelligence companies continually seek methods to advance technology capable of handling arduous duties throughout many sectors,

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[1] Sterling Miller, Artificial intelligence + generative AI, legal.thomsonreuters, (Dec. 10, 2025), https://legal.thomsonreuters.com/en/insights/articles/ai-and-its-impact-on-legal-technology

[2] Aryan K Khanna, Role of Artificial Intelligence in Law- A comprehensive guide!, goglides, (Dec. 10, 2025), https://www.goglides.dev/thattechguy/role-of-artificial-intelligence-in-law-a-comprehensive-guide-4n7o

[3] icsi.edu, https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/publications/Final CLStudy.pdf, (Dec. 11, 2025).

enhancing speed and precision within the legal domain. attorneys, law clerks, and lawmakers are all feeling the effects of the profession-wide shift brought about by AI's increasing prominence in the legal sector. This has adversely affected their work, putting it on the brink of closure.[4]

2. LAW & ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE - ADVANTAGES AND OBSTACLES:

Advantages of AI in the Field of Law - Automation of repetitive and time-consuming tasks in the legal sector, such as document review, legal research, and contract analysis, has been facilitated by Artificial Intelligence, enhancing efficiency and enabling legal practitioners to undertake greater challenges and concentrate on strategic work. Artificial intelligence-driven algorithms diminish the likelihood of human errors. Artificial intelligence systems can efficiently and precisely evaluate extensive datasets.[5] Algorithms can identify patterns in legal documents and provide pertinent answers that enhance the precision of legal analysis and decision-making, resulting in improved accuracy compared to previous methods.

Artificial Intelligence will aid legal departments and law enforcement agencies in decreasing operational expenditures by automating mundane operations and enhancing the accessibility and affordability of legal services for all, resulting in savings on personnel, administrative expenses, and document costs.[6] Consequently, poor people will have access to legal aid, enabling them to obtain legal assistance. Artificial Intelligence-powered research engines can be highly effective in identifying legal issues, swiftly acquiring pertinent legal material, and delivering practical legal counsel. Attorneys can conduct their legal study and analysis utilizing artificial intelligence tools.

Attorneys can employ artificial intelligence algorithms to analyze historical data, thereby forecasting litigation trends and potential dangers associated with case outcomes, which enhances their capacity to secure defensible conclusions, manage larger cases, and offer sound counsel to their clients.

Obstacles of AI in the Field of Law- Considering artificial intelligence from an ethical perspective brings questions regarding privacy and bias.[7] The algorithm employed in the AI system must be interpretable, devoid of prejudice, and characterized by transparency, as these factors can influence decision-making. The AI system should bear the duty for safeguarding customer data and maintaining the confidentiality of sensitive information.

Automated technologies, such as AI, have commenced legal work, heightening the potential of job displacement for legal experts, particularly in legal research and document review. AI systems may encounter difficulties in addressing legal matters that necessitate extensive domain expertise. Consequently, the incorporation of AI technology presents issues with compliance with data protection legislation, professional ethics, and intellectual property rights. The implementation of Artificial Intelligence necessitates the establishment of trust and acceptability among legal practitioners, clients, and the wider community.

3. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND ITS INFLUENCE ON THE LEGAL PROFESSION:

Artificial Intelligence profoundly influences legal practitioners, transforming their work processes and creating novel prospects. AI-powered technologies enable lawyers to do legal research with ease, expediting their access to legal knowledge and enhancing their interpretative efficiency.[8] As artificial intelligence

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[4] Steve Lohr, A.I. Is Coming for Lawyers, Again, nytimes, (Dec. 10, 2025),
https://www.nytimes.com/2023/04/10/technology/ai-is-coming-for-lawyers-again.html
[5] geeksforgeeks, https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/artificial-intelligence-an-introduction/, (Dec. 11,2025).

[6] legal.thomsonreuters,
https://legal.thomsonreuters.com/blog/ai-for-legal-documents-unlocking-a-competitive-edge/, (Dec. 11, 2025).

[7] app4legal, https://www.app4legal.com/ai-for-lawyers/, (Dec. 11, 2025).
[8] LexRatio Legal Services, Artificial Intelligence (AI) and its Impact on the Legal Profession, linkedin, (Dec. 10, 2025),
https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/artificial-intelligence-ai-its-

advances, it will profoundly transform the legal profession. Attorneys who fail to utilize AI will be unable to further their professions. Attorneys employ the predictive coding technique to ascertain the relevance or irrelevance of documents. The AI technology enhances precision in legal research and analysis while simultaneously conserving time. Utilizing technologies such as Natural Language Processing (NLP), papers, contracts, or agreements can be examined and assessed. AI may emphasize critical clauses, anticipate prospective dangers, and ensure adherence to legal obligations. Efficiency can be enhanced and costs can be diminished through document inspection and due diligence.

4. ETHICAL AND REGULATORY QUESTIONS ARISING FROM THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE:

When it comes to the legal field, AI systems occasionally need access to massive volumes of private and secret data. In order to keep client information private and professional dealings private, it is essential to implement appropriate data privacy and security measures. The creation of AI algorithms relies on historical data, which might potentially introduce biases into the system. Developing and teaching technology to be fair and prevent prejudice is of the utmost importance. Certain legal practitioner professions will be more at risk of displacement as technology advancements in the field make them more difficult to fill. Consequently, lawyers need to sharpen their digital abilities.

5. GOOGLE`S PROJECT NIGHTINGALE CASE:

Ascension is a prominent American healthcare provider, and Google teamed up with them in 2019 on "Project Nightingale." The Court voiced its worry about the possible exploitation of artificial intelligence algorithms applied to personal health information in this case and reprimanded the collaboration for its lack of transparency about the management of sensitive medical records.

6. CLEARVIEW AI CASE:

In 2020, the facial recognition technology firm Clearview AI clandestinely amassed billions of images from social media to construct an extensive database for user identification. Concerns around the potential utilization of individuals' personal information were exacerbated as a consequence. The court mandated Clearview Company to enforce stringent restrictions to safeguard persons' privacy and reduce the risks associated with face recognition technology. To safeguard individuals' personal information, these case studies underscore the necessity for stringent regulations and ethical standards for AI firms. Accordingly, a middle ground between upholding ethical standards and making use of AI's benefits in the legal sphere must be found.

7. LEGAL FRAMEWORKS GOVERNING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN THE LEGAL INDUSTRY:

The Government of India has implemented many policy initiatives and recommendations to tackle the legal and regulatory dimensions of AI technology. At present, India does not possess codified legislation or statutory regulations governing artificial intelligence comprehensively. Sections 43 and 72A of the IT Act 2000 safeguard personal data and the regulations established thereunder. The emergence of technologies like artificial intelligence has gradually solidified the connection between freedom of expression and AI technology. Artificial intelligence technology augments the practice of free expression in numerous ways and can facilitate and shape: In India, online platforms and social media enterprises might employ algorithmic technologies to sift through various offensive or detrimental content, such as hate speech, misinformation, and pornographic material. It is essential to achieve equilibrium between eliminating detrimental content and preventing undue censoring. Facial recognition technologies and AI-driven data analysis tools must be employed in a manner that preserves individuals' fundamental rights, including the right to privacy and freedom of speech.[9] India has enacted the Personal Data Protection Act 2023 to establish a comprehensive framework for safeguarding

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0access%20more,or%20advise%20clients%20to%2 0settle

[9] article19, https://www.article19.org/resources/india-supreme-court-recognises-the-right-to-privacy/, (Dec. 11, 2025).

personal data privacy. The implementation of this Act is anticipated to standardize the storage, processing, transfer, and acquisition of personal data in India. The National Institution for Transforming India (NITI Aayog) has released draft guidelines on AI ethics. NITI Aayog has presented a compilation of seven principles pertaining to security and privacy, reliability, universal inclusion and non-discrimination, accountability, and the fortification of fundamental human values. Embracing these Principles will safeguard public interests while fostering innovation.

8. CONCLUSION:

The use of artificial intelligence is improving the work of lawyers but also upending the legal sector. Technology based on artificial intelligence has the potential to improve accuracy and productivity; nonetheless, it concurrently engenders novel challenges and apprehensions. AI technology in the legal sector has predominantly influenced labor-intensive and monotonous tasks, including legal research, document examination, and contract assessment. Attorneys may enhance their decision-making capabilities through the utilization of artificial intelligence. Additionally, Artificial Intelligence can assist in seeing trends, forecasting outcomes, and offering insights. Legal firms and departments may see increased productivity and decreased costs with the help of AI. AI is revolutionizing the legal sector in various manners. Nonetheless, artificial intelligence is concurrently prompting significant ethical inquiries within the legal sector, mostly about bias and employment displacement. The escalating integration of Artificial Intelligence in the legal sector necessitates vigilant scrutiny of these matters. Artificial Intelligence must be unbiased and responsible in its decision-making processes. The moral and legal issues raised by the potential incorporation of AI into legal processes need attention from both politicians and lawyers. Therefore, the growth of the legal industry depends on finding the perfect balance between human judgment and the benefits of AI.